
SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifiers

Product name : PHENOL
Product Number : P3653
Index-No. : 604-001-00-2
CAS-No. : 108-95-2

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity, Oral (Category 3), H301
Acute toxicity, Inhalation (Category 3), H331
Acute toxicity, Dermal (Category 3), H311
Skin corrosion (Sub-category 1B), H314
Serious eye damage (Category 1), H318
Germ cell mutagenicity (Category 2), H341
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure (Category 2), Nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin, H373
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard (Category 2), H411

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Label elements

Labelling according Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Pictogram



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H301 + H311 + H331

Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H341

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H373

May cause damage to organs (Nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement(s)

P260

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

P273

Avoid release to the environment.

P280

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection/ hearing protection.

P303 + P361 + P353

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P304 + P340 + P310

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Supplemental Hazard Statements

none

Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Vesicant., Rapidly absorbed through skin.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Synonyms : Hydroxybenzene

Formula : C₆H₆O

Molecular weight : 94,11 g/mol
CAS-No. : 108-95-2
EC-No. : 203-632-7
Index-No. : 604-001-00-2

Component	Classification	Concentration
Phenol		
	Acute Tox. 3; Skin Corr. 1B; Eye Dam. 1; Muta. 2; STOT RE 2; Aquatic Chronic 2; H301, H331, H311, H314, H318, H341,	<= 100 %

	<p>H373, H411 Concentration limits: >= 3 %: Skin Corr. 1B, H314; 1 - < 3 %: Skin Irrit. 2, H315; 1 - < 3 %: Eye Irrit. 2, H319;</p>	
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For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first-aid measures

General advice

First aider needs to protect himself. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

After contact with skin: rinse out with polyethylene glycol 400 or a mixture of polyethylene glycol 300/ethanol 2:1 and wash with plenty of water. If neither is available wash with plenty of water. Immediately take off contaminated clothing. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Immediately call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

If swallowed: give water to drink (two glasses at most). Seek medical advice immediately. In exceptional cases only, if medical care is not available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in persons who are wide awake and fully conscious), administer activated charcoal (20 - 40 g in a 10% slurry) and consult a doctor as quickly as possible. Do not attempt to neutralise.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media Suitable

extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides

Combustible.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.
Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.

Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Advice for non-emergency personnel: Avoid generation and inhalation of dusts in all circumstances. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert.

For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully. Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area. Avoid generation of dusts.

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture.
Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
For precautions see section 2.2.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Tightly closed. Dry. Keep in a well-ventilated place. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Light sensitive. Store under inert gas. Air sensitive.

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,3 mm

Break through time: 480 min

Material tested: Butoject® (KCL 897 / Aldrich Z677647, Size M)

Splash contact

Material: Nitrile rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,2 mm

Break through time: 56 min

Material tested: Dermatril® P (KCL 743 / Aldrich Z677388, Size M)

data source: KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, phone +49 (0)6659 87300, e-mail sales@kcl.de, test method: EN374

If used in solution, or mixed with other substances, and under conditions which differ from EN 374, contact the supplier of the EC approved gloves. This recommendation is advisory only and must be evaluated by an industrial hygienist and safety officer familiar with the specific situation of anticipated use by our customers. It should not be construed as offering an approval for any specific use scenario.

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when dusts are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Control of environmental exposure
Do not let product enter drains.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| a) Appearance | Form: solid |
| b) Odor | stinging |

c) Odor Threshold	No data available
d) pH	ca.5 at 50 g/l at 20 °C
e) Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: 40 - 42 °C - lit.
f) Initial boiling point and boiling range	182 °C - lit.
g) Flash point	79,0 °C - closed cup
h) Evaporation rate	No data available
i) Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
j) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 9,5 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 1,3 %(V)
k) Vapor pressure	0,53 hPa at 20,0 °C
l) Vapor density	3,2 at 20 °C - (Air = 1.0)
m) Relative density	1,071 g/cm ³ at 25 °C
n) Water solubility	87 g/l at 25 °C
o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: 1,47 at 30 °C - (ECHA), Bioaccumulation is not expected.
p) Autoignition temperature	715 °C at 1.013 hPa
q) Decomposition temperature	No data available
r) Viscosity	No data available
s) Explosive properties	No data available
t) Oxidizing properties	No data available

Other safety information

Surface tension	38,2 mN/m at 50,0 °C
Relative vapor density	3,2 at 20 °C - (Air = 1.0)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating.
 A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.
 The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .
 Contains the following stabilizer(s):

Hypophosphorous acid (0,15 %)

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

Conditions to avoid

Strong heating.

Incompatible materials

rubber, various plastics, various alloys, various metals, Strong oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions. - Carbon oxides

Other decomposition products - No data available

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

No data available

LD50 Dermal - Rat - female - 660 mg/kg

(OECD Test Guideline 402)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - In vitro study

Result: Causes burns.

(OECD Test Guideline 431)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: Corrosive

(OECD Test Guideline 405)

Causes serious eye damage. Risk of blindness!

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Sensitisation test: - Guinea pig

Result: negative

Remarks: (IUCLID)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): chromosome aberration.

Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Mutagenicity (mammal cell test): micronucleus.

Chinese hamster ovary cells

Result: positive

Carcinogenicity

This product is or contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

IARC: No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. - Nervous system, Kidney, Liver, Skin

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Additional Information

RTECS: SJ3325000

burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Circulatory collapse, tachypnea, paralysis, Convulsions, Coma.

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin., spasm, inflammation and edema of the larynx, spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi, pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, Cough, wheezing, laryngitis, Shortness of breath, Headache, Nausea, Vomiting, Circulatory collapse, tachypnea, paralysis, Convulsions, Coma., necrosis of mouth and G.I. Tract, Jaundice, respiratory failure, cardiac arrest

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish	flow-through test LC50 - Onchorhynchus clarki - 8,9 mg/l - 96 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	static test EC50 - Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea) - 3,1 mg/l - 48 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to algae	static test EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae) - 61,1 mg/l - 96 h (US-EPA)
Toxicity to bacteria	static test IC50 - microorganisms - 21 mg/l - 24 h Remarks: (ECHA)

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	aerobic - Exposure time 100 h Result: 62 % - Readily biodegradable. (OECD Test Guideline 301C)
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Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 5 h
at 25 °C - 2 mg/l(Phenol)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 17,5
(OECD Test Guideline 305)

Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number

ADR/RID: 1671

IMDG: 1671

IATA: 1671

UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: PHENOL, SOLID

IMDG: PHENOL, SOLID

IATA: Phenol, solid

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 6.1

IMDG: 6.1

IATA: 6.1

Packaging group

ADR/RID: II

IMDG: II

IATA: II

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: yes

IMDG Marine pollutant: yes

IATA: no

Special precautions for user

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

Other regulations

Observe work restrictions regarding maternity protection in accordance to Dir 92/85/EEC or stricter national regulations where applicable.

Take note of Dir 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work.

Chemical Safety Assessment

For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3.

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H301 + H311 +	Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H331	
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H373	May cause damage to organs (/\$/*_2ORGAN_REPEAT/\$/) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

END OF MSDS